

applications

communication protocols

processors (CPUs)

IBM's CICS

kernel of a secure distributed operating system

compilers

safety-critical: medical systems, nuclear control

railways: French — safety-critical, Chinese — all aspects

aerospace — attitude monitors

instrumentation systems

AT&T switching system

Airbus cabin communication

AAMP5 commercial microprocessor

programs are

commands to a computer \rightarrow execution

mathematical expressions \rightarrow theory of programming

why theory? \rightarrow proof, calculation, precision, understanding

theory = formalism + rules of proof, calculation, manipulation

formal \neq careful, detailed

informal \neq sloppy, sketchy

formal = using formulas (mathematical expressions)

informal = using a natural language (English)

start informal (with discussion)

end formal (with program)

then test, but

how do you know if the program is working?

what about the inputs you didn't test?

proof tells whether program is correct for all inputs

~~proof / verification after development~~

program development, with proof at each step

program modification, with proof

other theories

Hoare triples $P\{S\}R$ or $\{P\}S\{R\}$

Dijkstra's weakest preconditions $wp(S, R)$

Vienna Development Method (VDM)

Z and B

temporal logic \Box \Diamond

process algebras (CSP, CCS, mu-calculus, pi-calculus, ...)

event traces, interleaved histories

model checking

- exhaustive automated testing

- up to 10^{60} states $\approx 2^{200}$ states ≈ 200 bits ≈ 6 variables

- abstraction, proof (not automated)

this theory

simpler

just boolean expressions

more general

includes terminating and nonterminating computation

includes sequential and parallel computation

includes stand-alone and interactive computation

includes time and space bounds and real time

includes probabilistic computations

prerequisites

basic boolean algebra (true, false, not, and, or)

intermediate programming, any language

assignment statement, if statement

reading

C.A.R.Hoare, J.Misra: *Verified Software: Theories, Tools, Experiments*

www.cs.utoronto.ca/~hehner/vstte-hoare-misra.pdf

TEXTS AND MONOGRAPHS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

A PRACTICAL THEORY OF PROGRAMMING

Eric C.R. Hehner



Springer-Verlag

TEXTBOOK

available

FREE

at

www.cs.utoronto.ca/~hehner