

Recursive Data Definition

example: *nat*

can be constructed by starting with 0 and repeatedly adding 1

construction axiom 0: *nat*

construction axiom *nat*+1: *nat*

	T	by the axiom, 0: <i>nat</i>
⇒	0: <i>nat</i>	add 1 to each side
⇒	0+1: <i>nat</i> +1	by arithmetic, 0+1 = 1 ; by the axiom, <i>nat</i> +1: <i>nat</i>
⇒	1: <i>nat</i>	add 1 to each side
⇒	1+1: <i>nat</i> +1	by arithmetic, 1+1 = 2 ; by the axiom, <i>nat</i> +1: <i>nat</i>
⇒	2: <i>nat</i>	and so on

Recursive Data Definition

example: *nat*

can be constructed by starting with 0 and repeatedly adding 1

construction axiom 0: *nat*

construction axiom *nat*+1: *nat*

nat = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, ... ?

nat = ..., -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, ... ?

nat = the rationals ?

nat = the reals ?

nat = 0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, ... ?

Recursive Data Definition

example: *nat*

can be constructed by starting with 0 and repeatedly adding 1

construction axiom $0: \text{nat}$

construction axiom $\text{nat}+1: \text{nat}$

induction axiom $0: B \wedge B+1: B \Rightarrow \text{nat}: B$

construction axiom $0, \text{nat}+1: \text{nat}$

induction axiom $0, B+1: B \Rightarrow \text{nat}: B$

construction axiom $P0 \wedge \forall n: \text{nat}. Pn \Rightarrow P(n+1) \Leftarrow \forall n: \text{nat}. Pn$

induction axiom $P0 \wedge \forall n: \text{nat}. Pn \Rightarrow P(n+1) \Rightarrow \forall n: \text{nat}. Pn$

Recursive Data Definition

nat induction

$$P0 \wedge \forall n: \text{nat}. Pn \Rightarrow P(n+1) \Rightarrow \forall n: \text{nat}. Pn$$

$$P0 \vee \exists n: \text{nat}. \neg Pn \wedge P(n+1) \Leftarrow \exists n: \text{nat}. Pn$$

$$\forall n: \text{nat}. Pn \Rightarrow P(n+1) \Rightarrow \forall n: \text{nat}. (P0 \Rightarrow Pn)$$

$$\exists n: \text{nat}. \neg Pn \wedge P(n+1) \Leftarrow \exists n: \text{nat}. (\neg P0 \wedge Pn)$$

$$\forall n: \text{nat}. (\forall m: \text{nat}. m < n \Rightarrow Pm) \Rightarrow Pn \Rightarrow \forall n: \text{nat}. Pn$$

$$\exists n: \text{nat}. (\forall m: \text{nat}. m < n \Rightarrow \neg Pm) \wedge Pn \Leftarrow \exists n: \text{nat}. Pn$$

philosophical induction: guessing the general case from special cases

(an important skill in mathematics)

philosophical deduction: proving, using the rules of logic

mathematical induction: an axiom (sometimes presented as a proof rule)

(mathematical induction is part of philosophical deduction)

Recursive Data Definition

example: *int*

Define $int = nat, -nat$

or $0, int+1, int-1: int$

$0, B+1, B-1: B \Rightarrow int: B$

or $P0 \wedge (\forall i: int. Pi \Rightarrow P(i+1)) \wedge (\forall i: int. Pi \Rightarrow P(i-1)) = \forall i: int. Pi$

Recursive Data Definition

example: pow

Define $pow = 2^{nat}$

or $pow = \{p: nat \mid \exists m: nat. p = 2^m\}$

or $1, 2 \times pow: pow$
 $1, 2 \times B: B \Rightarrow pow: B$

or $P1 \wedge \forall p: pow. Pp \Rightarrow P(2 \times p) = \forall p: pow. Pp$

Least Fixed-Points

nat construction: $0, nat+1: nat$

nat induction: $0, B+1: B \Rightarrow nat: B$

nat fixed-point construction: $nat = 0, nat+1$

nat fixed-point induction: $B = 0, B+1 \Rightarrow nat: B$

x is a fixed-point of f $x = f x$

grammar: $exp = "x", exp; "+"; exp$

$B = "x", B; "+"; B \Rightarrow exp: B$

Recursive Data Construction

$name = (\text{expression involving } name)$

0. Construct

$name_0 = null$

$name_{n+1} = (\text{expression involving } name_n)$

1. Guess

$name_n = (\text{expression involving } n \text{ but not } name)$

2. Substitute ∞ for n

$name_\infty = (\text{expression involving neither } n \text{ nor } name)$

3. Test fixed-point

$name_\infty = (\text{expression involving } name_\infty)$

4. Test least fixed-point

$B = (\text{expression involving } B) \Rightarrow name_\infty: B$

Recursive Data Construction

example: pow

$$pow = 1, 2 \times pow$$

0. Construct

$$pow_0 = null$$

$$pow_1 = 1, 2 \times pow_0 = 1, 2 \times null = 1, null = 1$$

$$pow_2 = 1, 2 \times pow_1 = 1, 2 \times 1 = 1, 2$$

$$pow_3 = 1, 2 \times pow_2 = 1, 2 \times (1, 2) = 1, 2, 4$$

1. Guess

$$pow_n = 2^{0..n}$$

2. Substitute ∞ for n

$$pow_\infty = 2^{0..\infty} = 2^{nat}$$

Recursive Data Construction

example: pow

$$pow = 1, 2 \times pow$$

3. Test fixed-point.

$$\begin{aligned} & 2^{nat} = 1, 2 \times 2^{nat} \\ = & 2^{nat} = 2^0, 2^1 \times 2^{nat} \\ = & 2^{nat} = 2^0, 2^{1+nat} \\ = & 2^{nat} = 2^0, 1+nat \\ \Leftarrow & nat = 0, nat+1 \\ = & \top \end{aligned}$$

Recursive Data Construction

example: pow

$$pow = 1, 2 \times pow$$

4. Test least fixed-point

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2^{nat}: B \\
 = & \quad \forall n: nat. 2^n: B && \text{use } nat \text{ induction with } Pn = 2^n: B \\
 \Leftarrow & \quad 2^0: B \wedge \forall n: nat. 2^n: B \Rightarrow 2^{n+1}: B && \text{change variable} \\
 = & \quad 1: B \wedge \forall m: 2^{nat}. m: B \Rightarrow 2 \times m: B && \text{increase domain} \\
 \Leftarrow & \quad 1: B \wedge \forall m: nat. m: B \Rightarrow 2 \times m: B && \text{domain change law} \\
 = & \quad 1: B \wedge \forall m: nat. B \cdot 2 \times m: B && \text{increase domain} \\
 \Leftarrow & \quad 1: B \wedge \forall m: B. 2 \times m: B \\
 \Leftarrow & \quad B = 1, 2 \times B
 \end{aligned}$$

Recursive Data Construction

Alternative step 0: instead of *null* use

$name_0 = \textit{whatever}$

Alternative step 2: instead of $name_\infty$ use

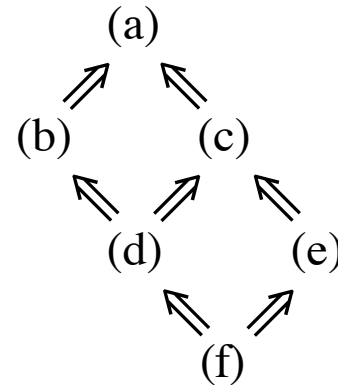
$\S x \cdot LIM\ n \cdot x : name_n$

Recursive Specification Definition

$zap = \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. t:=t+1. zap)$

solutions

- (a) $x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x'=y'=0 \wedge t' = t+x$
- (b) $\text{if } x \geq 0 \text{ then } x'=y'=0 \wedge t' = t+x \text{ else } t'=\infty$
- (c) $x'=y'=0 \wedge (x \geq 0 \Rightarrow t' = t+x)$
- (d) $x'=y'=0 \wedge \text{if } x \geq 0 \text{ then } t' = t+x \text{ else } t'=\infty$
- (e) $x'=y'=0 \wedge t' = t+x$
- (f) $x \geq 0 \wedge x'=y'=0 \wedge t' = t+x$



$$x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x'=y'=0 \wedge t' = t+x \Leftarrow zap$$

$$zap \Leftarrow \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. t:=t+1. zap)$$

Recursive Specification Definition

zap construction

$$t' \geq t \iff zap$$

$$\mathbf{if} \ x=0 \ \mathbf{then} \ y:=0 \ \mathbf{else} \ (x:=x-1. \ t:=t+1. \ zap) \iff zap$$

nat construction

$$0: nat$$

$$nat+1: nat$$

Recursive Specification Definition

zap construction

$$t' \geq t \wedge \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. t:=t+1. \text{zap}) \Leftarrow \text{zap}$$

zap induction

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall \sigma, \sigma'. t' \geq t \wedge (\text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. t:=t+1. P)) \Leftarrow P \\ \Rightarrow & \quad \forall \sigma, \sigma'. \text{zap} \Leftarrow P \end{aligned}$$

nat construction

$$0, \text{nat}+1: \text{nat}$$

nat induction

$$0, B+1: B \Rightarrow \text{nat}: B$$

Recursive Specification Definition

zap construction

$$t' \geq t \wedge \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. t:=t+1. \text{zap}) \Leftarrow \text{zap}$$

zap induction

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall \sigma, \sigma'. t' \geq t \wedge (\text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. t:=t+1. P)) \Leftarrow P \\ \Rightarrow & \quad \forall \sigma, \sigma'. \text{zap} \Leftarrow P \end{aligned}$$

zap fixed-point construction

$$\text{zap} = t' \geq t \wedge \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. t:=t+1. \text{zap})$$

zap fixed-point induction

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall \sigma, \sigma'. (P = t' \geq t \wedge \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. t:=t+1. P)) \\ \Rightarrow & \quad \forall \sigma, \sigma'. \text{zap} \Leftarrow P \end{aligned}$$

Recursive Specification Construction

$$zap = \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. \ t:=t+1. \ zap)$$

$$zap_0 = \top$$

$$zap_1 = \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. \ t:=t+1. \ zap_0)$$

$$= x=0 \Rightarrow x'=y'=0 \wedge t'=t$$

$$zap_2 = \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. \ t:=t+1. \ zap_1)$$

$$= 0 \leq x < 2 \Rightarrow x'=y'=0 \wedge t' = t+x$$

$$zap_n = 0 \leq x < n \Rightarrow x'=y'=0 \wedge t' = t+x$$

$$zap_\infty = 0 \leq x < \infty \Rightarrow x'=y'=0 \wedge t' = t+x$$

Recursive Specification Construction

Alternative step 0: instead of T use

$$name_0 = whatever$$

Alternative step 2: instead of $name_\infty$ use

$$LIM\ n \cdot name_n$$

Recursive Specification Construction

$$zap = \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. \ t:=t+1. \ zap)$$

$$zap_0 = t' \geq t$$

$$zap_1 = \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. \ t:=t+1. \ zap_0)$$

$$= \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } x'=y'=0 \wedge t'=t \text{ else } t' \geq t+1$$

$$zap_2 = \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } y:=0 \text{ else } (x:=x-1. \ t:=t+1. \ zap_1)$$

$$= \text{if } 0 \leq x < 2 \text{ then } x'=y'=0 \wedge t' = t+x \text{ else } t' \geq t+2$$

$$zap_n = \text{if } 0 \leq x < n \text{ then } x'=y'=0 \wedge t'=t+x \text{ else } t' \geq t+n$$

$$zap_\infty = \text{if } 0 \leq x \text{ then } x'=y'=0 \wedge t'=t+x \text{ else } t'=\infty$$

Loop Definition

while-loop construction

$t' \geq t \iff \text{while } b \text{ do } P$

$\text{if } b \text{ then } (P. t := t+1. \text{ while } b \text{ do } P) \text{ else } ok \iff \text{while } b \text{ do } P$

Loop Definition

while-loop construction

$$t' \geq t \wedge \text{if } b \text{ then } (P. t := t+1. \text{ while } b \text{ do } P) \text{ else } ok \Leftarrow \text{while } b \text{ do } P$$

while-loop induction

$$\forall \sigma, \sigma'. t' \geq t \wedge (\text{if } b \text{ then } (P. t := t+1. W) \text{ else } ok) \Leftarrow W$$

$$\Rightarrow \forall \sigma, \sigma'. (\text{while } b \text{ do } P) \Leftarrow W$$

while-loop fixed-point construction

$$\text{while } b \text{ do } P = t' \geq t \wedge \text{if } b \text{ then } (P. t := t+1. \text{ while } b \text{ do } P) \text{ else } ok$$

while-loop fixed-point induction

$$\forall \sigma, \sigma'. (P = t' \geq t \wedge \text{if } b \text{ then } (P. t := t+1. W) \text{ else } ok)$$

$$\Rightarrow \forall \sigma, \sigma'. (\text{while } b \text{ do } P) \Leftarrow W$$